





## Swiss Contact Annual Report Swiss Foundation for Technical Cooperation

2009

Contents 3 Foreword 4 Financial Report 6 Africa 8 Latin America 10 Asia 12 Eastern Europe 14 Senior Expert Corps

Swisscontact is the organization of the Swiss private sector for development cooperation. It's aim is to promote private economic and social development in selected countries in the South and East through advisory services, training and continuing education. By applying the principle of helping others to help themselves, Swisscontact and its local partners are fighting poverty effectively.





Private sector initiative is the motor of development. Successful partnerships bring that motor to life.

# The Success of our Projects is the Success of our Partners

In 2009, we celebrated Swisscontact's 50 years of existence together with our donors, partners and employees. At various occasions in Switzerland and around the world, we had the pleasure of learning just how highly valued Swisscontact's work truly is. This inspired us to do even better work with our partners and to continue to increase the impact of our projects.

The success of our projects is the success of our partners because they are the ones that initiate and are ultimately responsible for our joint efforts. The oft-cited critique of development work – that there is too little engagement with the local population – simply does not apply. Instead, the way we work allows us to use relatively small budgets to mobilize the underutilized potential of people living in poverty.

These successes are made possible through the loyal financial support of private industry, federal, canton and municipal governments, as well as international organizations. We are pleased with our acquisition achievements, particularly with the public contracts from the European Union (EU). Fundraising results in Switzerland more than surpassed our goals. Last but not least, we would like to extend our heartfelt gratitude to our 480 employees around the world for their professional work as well as to Swisscontact's volunteer Board of Directors for their ongoing support, advice and encouragement.



Peter Grüschow, Urs Egger

Peter Grüschow, President Urs Egger, CEO 4

The annual financial statement was prepared according to the rules and regulations for social, charitable non-profit organizations in the Swiss GAAP FER 21. The decisive figure in the income statement according to FER 21 is the "Result After Changes in Funds". Income from donations is allocated directly to funds (effective on the income statement). The restricted and unrestricted income donations listed under funds are then used for project activities according to the defined purpose or the general principle of Swisscontact (effective on the income statement). The use of the funds can occur directly in the year of the allocation or in a following fiscal year.

The cost structure and percentage of funds used for administrative purposes follow the recommendations of the ZEWO Foundation (a Swiss agency to monitor charitable fundraising), that were approved in 2005. Total project expenses were 2% less than the year before. External factors in project countries had a large influence on ongoing projects and, as such, the total volume spent on projects in the year covered by this report. The single most important factor was political instability in project countries. In particular, the situation in countries such as Honduras and Niger forced Swisscontact to temporarily discontinue programs.

Fundraising income was 9.74% less than in the year before, due to the difficult economic climate. The trend towards project-based grants continues to increase for private as well as institutional donors. The fundraising budget grew slightly in the year of the report by 7.6% due to activities surrounding the fiftieth anniversary of Swisscontact. Fundraising expenses made up 1.66% of the total budget. The ZEWO benchmark for this figure is 8%.

The total administrative expenses for the headquarters stayed on budget and made up 4.89% of total expenses. The ZEWO benchmark figure for organizations with international activities is 11%.

The financial crisis continued to be visible in the assets. This fiscal year resulted in a financial success; however, the desired currency fluctuation reserve could not be established.

Consolidated profit and loss account t	_	
n KCHF	2009	2008
Income INCOME FROM DONATIONS		
AND CONTRIBUTIONS		
Donations from public donors	1,496.5	1,789.9
Donations from private donors	1,702.3	3,205.7
Donations from "Freundeskreis" Swiss Government contributions tied to projects	210.0 5,419.4	114.1 5,350.6
Contributions Swiss Solidarity	3,061.8	2,312.2
Contributions public donors	486.4	53.5
Contributions private donors	1,322.8	602.5
INCOME FROM PROJECTS	13,699.2	13,428.5
Swiss Government mandates	13,991.0	13,922.9
International principals	4,088.4	4,507.0
Local principals	14,404.8	14,976.7
Private principals	471.6	791.1
	32,955.8	34,197.7
Total income	46,655.0	47,626.2
Expenditure EXPENDITURE ON PROJECTS		
Albania	1,698.5	1,335.5
Bangladesh	8,717.7	7,451.4
Bénin	1,127.9	899.1
Bolivia	2,851.7	2,713.0
Burkina Faso	710.2	535.1
Central America, regional programme	2,333.1	1,370.7
Costa Rica East Africa	52.5	44.5
Ecuador	633.1 2,438.2	944.3 3,295.1
El Salvador	906.6	1,177.3
Honduras	809.2	1,018.5
Indonesia	7,785.1	7,305.8
Kenya	67.7	81.5
Kosovo	1,045.6	1,086.3
Mali	801.8	758.7
Moldova	0.0	182.4
Nepal	43.4 18.0	46.9 44.9
Nicaragua Niger	485.2	469.2
Peru	5,540.3	4,467.6
South Africa	1,478.9	1,088.0
Sri Lanka	788.5	898.5
Tanzania	948.1	2,035.8
Uganda	917.1	134.5
Vietnam	209.3	1,248.9
Swiss Research Partnership projects	0.0	123.2
Senior Expert Corps, SEC Other projects	634.0 275.4	643.9
Coordination office project countries	1,162.7	322.0 964.7
Subsidiaries	435.1	551.6
Project support	1,601.8	1,626.0
EXPENSES FOR ADMINISTRATION	46,517.0	44,864.9
AND MARKETING Coordination office project countries	0.0	77.0
Coordination office project countries Subsidiaries	0.0 438.8	77.2 488.2
General administration	2,414.4	1,902.6
Information including fundraising	818.1	760.0
5 5	3,671.3	3,228.0
Provisions	-856.2	-369.1
Operating result	-2,677.1	-97.6
Net financial income	395.3	-658.2
Exceptional result	-95.4	0.0
Result before changes in funds	-2,377.2	-755.8 -861.6
Change in restricted funds Change in free funds	1,843.0 455.2	-861.6
Change in free funds Result after changes in funds	-79.0	457.9 -1,159.5
Allocation to internally generated	13.0	1,100.0
designated capital	209.5	1,341.4
Result after allocation internally		
generated designated capital	130.5	181.9

#### Consolidated balance sheet as at 31st December 2009

	2009	2008
in KCHF		
Assets		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash in hand and at bank	9,772.8	8,951.5
Advances to projects	3,754.2	3,879.1
Marketable securities	5,469.0	4,710.4
Other receivables	1,650.8	3,050.1
Receivables due from related parties	27.5	21 .5
Accrued incomes	544.2	1,316.1
Credits for participation in projects	3,563.9	3,545.1
	24,782.4	25,473.8
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Tangible assets	204.3	215.4
Intangible assets	240.4	144.5
	444.7	359.9
Total assets	25,227.1	25,833.7
Liabilities and Equity CURRENT LIABILITIES	1.004.0	1 700 0
Other liabilities	1,604.2	1,739.0
Accrued liabilities	1,360.2	701.1
A I	40.404.5	10.050.5
Advance payments for participation in projects	12,494.5	10,353.5
Advance payments for participation in projects Provisions	2,589.7	3,479.3
Provisions	· '	,
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,589.7 18,048.6	3,479.3 16,272.9
Provisions	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,589.7 18,048.6	3,479.3 16,272.9
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  Other non-current liabilities	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS Restricted capital funds	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9 1,343.4	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6 3,195.7
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS Restricted capital funds	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS Restricted capital funds Restricted income	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9 1,343.4 1,895.3	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6 3,195.7 3,738.3
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS Restricted capital funds Restricted income  EQUITY Trust capital	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9 1,343.4	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6 3,195.7
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS Restricted capital funds Restricted income	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9 1,343.4 1,895.3 5,120.9	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6 3,195.7 3,738.3 4,939.8
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS Restricted capital funds Restricted income  EQUITY Trust capital Internally generated designated capital	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9 1,343.4 1,895.3 5,120.9	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6 3,195.7 3,738.3 4,939.8 209.5
Provisions  NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other non-current liabilities  RESTRICTED FUNDS Restricted capital funds Restricted income  EQUITY Trust capital Internally generated designated capital Unrestricted funds and reserves	2,589.7 18,048.6 7.0 7.0 551.9 1,343.4 1,895.3 5,120.9 0.0 24.8	3,479.3 16,272.9 11.3 11.3 542.6 3,195.7 3,738.3 4,939.8 209.5 480.0

#### Report of the statutory auditors

#### To the Board of Foundation of Swisscontact, Swiss Foundation for Technical Development Cooperation

We have audited the consolidated financial statements (balance sheet, income statements and notes) of Swisscontact for the year ended December 31, 2009, from which the summarized financial statements were derived, in accordance with the Swiss auditing standards. In our report dated March 31, 2010 we expressed an unqualified opinion on the consolidated financial statements from which the summarized financial statements were derived.

In our opinion, the accompanying summarized consolidated financial statements are consistent, in all material respects, with the financial statements from which they were derived.

For a better understanding of the Swisscontact's financial position and the results of its operations for the period and of the scope of our audit, the summarized consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements from which the summarized financial statements were derived and our audit report thereon.

We further confirm that the relevant provisions of the foundation ZEWO have been observed.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG

Arno Frieser Thomas Wallmer
Audit Expert Audit Expert
Auditor in charge

Zurich, March 31, 2010

## Appendix to the annual report Change in funds

	Opening balance	Income	Allocation	Expenditure	Int. Transfer	Closing balance
RESTRICTED CAPITAL FUNDS						
Social projects	542.6	2.9	61.2	-54.8	0.0	551.9
Total	542.6	2.9	61.2	-54.8	0.0	551.9
RESTRICTED INCOME						
Soms	770.5	0.0	0.0	-52.8	0.0	717.7
Restricted donations	2,425.2	0.0	2,564.1	-4,363.6	0.0	625.7
Total	3,195.7	0.0	2,564.1	-4,416.4	0.0	1,343.4
UNRESTRICTED FUNDS	480.0	0.0	860.7	-1,315.9	0.0	24.8

This financial report of the fiscal year 2009 is a condensed version. The complete annual report with detailed financial statements in accordance with SWISS GAAP FER 21 can be ordered in German from the Head Office of Swisscontact or downloaded from www.swisscontact.org.



#### 6 Africa

Several thousand people saw their lives improved in 2009 thanks to Swisscontact projects. They have undertaken vocational training, applied for and received a microloan for their small businesses or have become more profitable as a result of consulting services.

#### **Projects Africa**

Project	Since*	Expenses 2009	Project	Since*	Expenses 2009
Financing		CHF	Financing		CHF
East Africa			West Africa		
KENYA			BENIN		
SME-Promotion/Microfinance			Vocational Education for Youths		
Swisscontact/SDC	2009	633,085	Swisscontact/SDC	2009	534,999
			Vocational Education for Young Artisans		
TANZANIA			Bureau d'Appui aux Artisans	2009	68,903
Rural Development			Job Insertion for Young Graduates of Voc	cational Educat	tions
SDC	2006	948,060	AFD/Swisscontact	2009	115,183
			Reintegration of Disadvantaged Youths		
UGANDA			UNICEF	2008	342,556
SME-Promotion/Microfinance			Vocational Training for Plumbers		
Swisscontact/SDC	2009	437,959	SBS	2008	14,070
Vocational Education for Youths in SMEs			Opportunities for Street Children		
Worldbank	2007	107,635	EU/Swisscontact	2008	91,135
Skills Development for Youths					
Medicor Foundation/Gebauer Foundation	2009	409,202	BURKINA FASO		
			Vocational Training for Plumbers		
SOUTH AFRICA			Swisscontact/Louis Leitz Foundation	2008	147,597
SME-Promotion			Professional Training for Youths and Loca	al Economic De	evelopment
Swisscontact/SECO	2006	714,945	Swisscontact/SDC/LED	2009	530,305
Community Development			Local Economic Development in Gaoua		
ADA	2006	176,434	Swisscontact/Jacobs Foundation	2009	32,259
Local Economic Development Network of A	Africa				
SDC	2008	310,149	MALI		
Energy Efficient Brick Production			Vocational Training for Youths		
SDC	2009	129,878	SDC	2008	801,765
Training in Financial Management					
Swisscontact/Credit Suisse	2008	147,512	NIGER		
			Training for Unemployed Youths		

Swisscontact/SDC/LED

\*Start of current project phase

485,233

2009

## Organic products and professional skills in Uganda

In order for smallholder farmers to earn sufficient income. their products must meet market needs get to the customer efficiently. In Central Uganda, Swisscontact and local partners work together to give small farmers access to new markets. In 2009 3,000 farmers took courses to cultivate and process in-demand organic products such as pineapple, apples, bananas, coffee or honey. A new project to provide young people In the fertile country of Uganda, agriculture is a realistic way out of poverty.

with short, hands-on vocational training programs has successfully begun. 500 youths from urban and rural areas have learnt the basics of fish farming, brick-making, hair styling, plumbing and information technology - all skills that give them the opportunity to create their own small business.

## Project Reports •



#### Mali

In Mali, Swisscontact contributed to the expansion of dual vocational training, a form of training that takes part in the classroom and at a company. In 2009, four additional locations were added and almost 3,000 youths were actively engaged in training programs. Since 2009, Swisscontact has provided consulting services to 15 young businesspeople who have founded small businesses in the areas of cattle breeding, fish farming, beekeeping and electrical installation.

#### Burkina Faso

The dual training system that Swisscontact helped to implement now improves the livelihoods of thousands of newly trained youths each year and, since 2009, has included the profession of plumbing. Over 500 young people also took part in new hands-on training courses in soap production, cocoa butter production and fabric-dyeing - three fields that are in demand in this West African country.

#### Niger

Professional job and information centers in the capital of Niamey have become important points of contact for young people looking for work. Swisscontact has worked with these centers to develop the quality and scope of their advising services. In 2009, 340 youths got help preparing job applications or finding information about vocational training programs and employment opportunities. In four of the vocational training centers supported by Swisscontact in the regions of Niamey, Dosso and Tilabéri, nearly 200 youths received training in vegetable cultivation, cooking/food services, motorcycle/ automotive maintenance and repair, and agriculture.

#### **Benin**

Helping trainees enter the workforce is the goal of a new project on behalf of the French development agency Agence Française de Développement. Youths have received information on how to find a job or become self-employed since 2009. The UNICEF-financed project has made it possible for 1,600 homeless youths to gain access to vocational training. A project to build and expand the dual vocational training system was created with the goal of helping young people gain professional qualifications and 1,000 trainers have been trained in the fields of woodwork, steelwork and car maintenance and repair.

#### **Tanzania**

In collaboration with local private consultants, Swisscontact provided business advice to small farmers and rural craftspeople. The radio program "Inuka" now reaches farmers in the most remote areas and provides important information about production methods as well as sales and marketing opportunities. In 2009, 25,000 households profited from activities in the cotton, sunflower, dairy and poultry sectors.

#### Kenya

The number of savings and credit groups in Kenya supported by Swisscontact increased in 2009 by 51 to 96. From their total savings of roughly USD \$40,000, members provided credit of over USD \$250,000 and 6,500 people benefited from improved access to financial services. Critical to the development of savings and credit cooperatives (SACCOs) was the "SACCO Start-Up Kit", an information package created with the Ministry for Cooperatives containing critical legal and business information. Every new SACCO receives one at registration. Microleasing also proved to be a popular service: in 2009, production animals, water pumps and water tanks valued USD \$2 million were leased at favorable prices.

#### South Africa

In September, a project on behalf of the Swiss State Secretariat for Economic Affairs (SECO) to support the SME sector was completed. Small companies in the textile, construction, agriculture and aquaculture sectors improved their productivity and the salaries of roughly 10,000 employees of the over 400 SMEs supported rose by 12%. Credit Suisse financed a project to give 1,000 small businesses access to business advising services. In order to improve the mutual understanding of the residents of the poorest townships and their local authorities, theater groups are being developed that mime the concerns of the citizens and the potential reactions of the local government.



#### 8 Latin America

In 2009 in Latin America, Swisscontact has continued to stand for environmentally sustainable and pro-poor economic development. Vocational training, microfinance and eco-tourism are additional focal points of the program.

#### **Projects Latin America**

Project	Since*	Expenses 2009	Project	Since*	Expenses 2009
Financing		CHF	Financing		CHF
Central America			South America		
COSTA RICA			BOLIVIA		
Promotion of Biogas			Sustainable Tourism		
Swisscontact/SDC	2009	52,472	Swisscontact/SDC	2008	134,217
			SME-Promotion		
EL SALVADOR			SDC	2005	1,213,683
Vocational Training			Urban Ecology		
Swisscontact/SDC	2009	646,750	Swisscontact/SDC	2009	440,527
Analysis and Technical Consulting of SI	MEs		Clean Air		
EU	2007	259,824	SDC	2006	670,326
			Market Access for Rural Small Producers		
GUATEMALA			SDC	2007	268,070
PET-Recycling			Strengthening of Suppliers		
Swisscontact	2008	24,770	IAF	2008	101,107
HONDURAS			ECUADOR		
SME-Promotion			Institutional Development of Village Bankii	ng	
SDC	2006	154,648	Swisscontact/SDC	2009	791,875
Promotion of Tourism Companies			Financial Services in Rural Areas		
Interamerican Development Bank	2007	342,232	FOMIN	2006	338,455
Development of the Bee-keeping Sector	r in Honduras		Promotion of Agricultural SMEs		
Swisscontact/Argidius Foundation	2008	289,094	CRM Corporación de Riego de Manabí	2009	581,179
			Institutional Promotion of Cooperative Bar	nks	
HONDURAS/NICARAGUA			CFN Corporación Financiera Nacional	2009	58,139
SME-Promotion			Financial Services in Rural Areas		
SDC	2008	2,187,108	SDC	2006	755,522
Strengthening Small Bee-keeping Com	panies		Strengthening of Suppliers		
Swisscontact/FOMIN	2009	112,183	CAF Corporación Andina de Fomento	2008	65,202
			Strengthening of Suppliers		
NICARAGUA			Interamerican Development Bank	2008	16,328
Modernization of Vocational Training Ce	enters				
Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau	2005	18,046	PERU		
			Training Vouchers for SMEs		
PANAMA			EU	2005	30,099
PET-Recycling			Promotion of the Competitiveness of SME		
Swisscontact	2008	36,910	Governnment of Peru	2005	820,013

SDC

2007

807,010

2007

107,463

Project	Since*	Expenses 2009
Financing		CHF
Eco-balance of Biofuels		
SDC	2008	75,996
Strengthening Local Suppliers		
IFC/Yanacocha/FondoEmpleo	2006	73,261
Development of Tourism in the Nazca-C	usco Corridor	
Swisscontact/FOMIN	2008	212,329
Technical Consulting and Monitoring of	Small Projects	
Antamina	2008	499,970
Strengthening Local Suppliers		
IFC/PLNG	2008	329,403
Hospital Waste Management Peru		
Swisscontact/Medicor Foundation	2009	197,174
Sustainable Tourism		
SECO	2006	630,451
Promotion of the Competitiveness of SN	MEs	
FondoEmpleo	2009	69,260

\*Start current project phase

## Air to breathe – for people and companies in Peru

Swisscontact supports the Peruvian Government and private sector in developing and implementing comprehensive air quality measures on behalf of the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC). Recommendations from Swisscontact and local partners have been incorporated into new laws. In 2009, the introduction of a new bus system in the city of Arequipa that will reduce CO2 output of public

Consulting with private and governmental organizations on improving air quality plays a central part in Swisscontact's work in Peru alongside additional activities focused on reducing poverty.

transportation by 70% made major strides. In Carabayllo and San Cosme, 150 people were supported by Swisscontact in their search for regular employment and the majority now runs small local shops. The children of these families can now concentrate fully on school instead of having to contribute to the family income.

## Project Reports

#### Central America

Rural Development

Vocational training programs continue to improve the employment options of young Salvadorians. In 2009, 2,100 people benefited from the programs. Working groups initiated by Swisscontact to assess local employment needs now cover the entire country and are supervised by the national vocational training agency. This successful approach will be expanded to Guatamala. The PET-recycling project started by Swisscontact in Guatamala and Panama will now be handed over as planned to national institutions. During the introductory phase, Swisscontact and their partners have reached out to roughly 25,000 school children and teachers. In Honduras, 1,000 small cacao farmers doubled their income after switching to more valuable species and improving storage, profiting from consulting services as part of the SME project on behalf of SDC. 4,500 vegetable farmers can now easily and quickly access to remote technical advising as well as information about weather and prices.

#### **Ecuador**

2,000 families living in poverty improved their prospects in 2009 by receiving a microloan from a village bank. Swisscontact helped savings and credit cooperatives reach more individuals in rural areas and trained 61 potential employees with expertise in areas such as auditing and credit. Dozens of small producers in the coastal province of Manabí expanded production and sales, entered new markets and increased income.

#### Bolivia

60 neighborhoods in Bolivia's four major cities began new initiatives to improve waste management and disposal and the families of hundreds of trash collectors now have a regular income. Their work improves the safety and quality of life of roughly 200,000 people. In the Andes highlands, Swisscontact assisted in developing and marketing new tourist regions and in creating attractions and services for tourists. 21 new jobs were created for local employees and roughly 100 families have increased their incomes as a result.



#### 10 Asia

Swisscontact improved access for smallholder farmers and craftspeople to information, markets and financing. From remote islands to urban centers, thousands of people increased their incomes in 2009.

#### **Projects Asia**

Project	Since*	Expenses 2009	Project	Since*	Expenses 2009
Financing		CHF	Financing		CHF
BANGLADESH					
SME-Promotion			Rural Economic Development in Acel	n Tamiang	
SDC/DFID/CIDA/Dutch Embassy	2003	7,968,988	Cordaid	2008	192,264
Social Projects in Poor Neighborhoods	of Dhaka		Disaster Risk Analysis for Bengkulu		
Charles Vögele Group	2005	64,678	UNDP	2009	31,223
Qualification of Trainers and Suppliers (	Social Standard	d Compliance)	Building up Aceh Polytechnical Scho	ol	
GTZ	2008	364,102	USAID	2007	2,094,335
Vocational Education for Youths			Climate Survey to Support Young En	trepreneurs	
Swisscontact/SDC	2009	319,943	ILO	2009	37,203
INDONESIA SME-Promotion			NEPAL Supporting the Training Institute for T	echnical Instruction	n
Swisscontact/SDC	2009	240,000	Swisscontact	2008	43,433
SME-Promotion in the Textile Sector in	the Jakarta Reg	ion			<u> </u>
Swisscontact/SDC	2007	100,010	SRI LANKA		
Regional Economic Development			Local Economic and Social Developm	nent	
GTZ	2005	205,176	Swisscontact/Swiss Solidarity	2007	457,624
Local Economic Development (Flores a	nd Alor)		Development and Peace		
Swisscontact/SDC/Cordaid	2005	527,592	SDC	2008	260,058
Regional Tourism Development (West-	and East-Flores		Improving Pottery Kilns		
SECO	2009	358,888	Infrassure	2008	60,291
SME Recovery in Sumatra					
SWS/SECO/Chevron Global Fund	2005	3,052,685	VIETNAM		
Mobile Training (Aceh)			Clean Air		
Swisscontact/SWS Swiss Solidarity	2005	194,662	SDC	2004	209,299
Income Generation through Sustainable	Agriculture				

310,201

2009

\*Start current project phase

Swisscontact/SWS Swiss Solidarity

## Market development for small entrepreneurs in Bangladesh

In Bangladesh, Swisscontact improved market access for poor family farms and small businesses, and helped develop vocational training, social standards and access to healthcare.

SME experts from Katalyst, the project that Swisscontact undertook on behalf of a group of donors in Bangladesh, continue to develop new opportunities to improve market conditions for small businesses and farmers. In addition to the farmer helpline "Jigyasha 7676", Katalyst's additional activities were particularly successful in 2009 including a combined offering of seeds, advising, financing and purchase guarantees that allowed 830 corn farmers to increase their yield by 17% and improve their income. The furniture industry also bene-

fited: a local furniture producer was able to employ an additional 400 workers as the result of a contract with an Indian buyer. Other Swisscontact projects in Bangladesh helped lay the foundation for 39 textile companies to comply with social standards, gave unemployed people the opportunity to build up professional skills and to have improved access to healthcare in the capital city Dhaka.

## Project Reports •



#### Indonesia

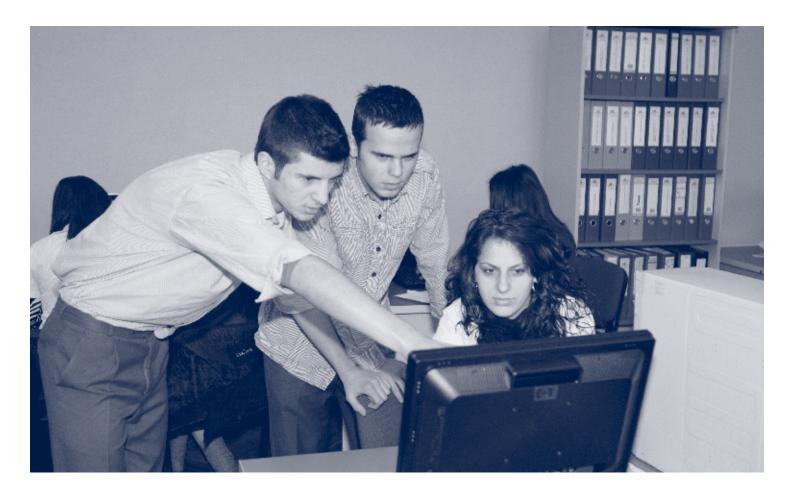
In 2009, projects to rebuild the economy in Aceh after the tsunami came to a close. Five years after the natural disaster, roughly 1,500 SMEs and microenterprises were able to get back into business or expand their businesses thanks to consulting services and financial support. Through these efforts, nearly 6,000 jobs were saved and 2,500 new jobs were created. In Jakarta, Swisscontact helped 100 small textile plants with 300 employees create a cooperative. In order to fulfill their new contracts, the cooperative will create at least 210 new jobs in the coming year. On the island of Nias, 300 cacao farmers organized themselves into groups and improved their skills in modern cultivation techniques. Through the legacies of poverty and tradition, people in Nias have subsisted almost entirely on rice. Women on the island have now learned to cultivate new types of vegetables in order to improve the diets of their families and generate income. 22 members of the community were also trained to be trainers. A higher income from cacao production in this region is as important as a more diversified diet.

#### Sri Lanka

In Sri Lanka, Swisscontact helps small businesses and families to increase their income. In the tsunami-affected areas of the coastal regions, nearly 1,000 families and small businesses benefited from these programs. More than 250 of the small businesses were able to obtain a small loan to expand their businesses. In the districts of Batticaloa and Ampara, Swisscontact was engaged in helping different groups live together peacefully, in part by creating conditions for youths to find gainful employment. In August, the fourth advising cycle was ended and 75% of the over 200 participants had found employment. Additionally, the pottery industry in northwestern Sri Lanka received support from Swisscontact. The potters learned how to build energy-efficient kilns, reducing their production costs by 50%. The technical and entrepreneurial advice had an even more important effect: today the potters, who occupy a very low position in the traditional social order of Sri Lanka, bring their products to market with pride and self-confidence.

#### Vietnam

The air quality improvement project undertaken on behalf of SDC in Hanoi and the neighboring area was completed. In spite of difficult political conditions, the results are remarkable: in the Vietnamese capital, blanket measurements of air quality were taken for the first time. The data are important for local agencies that used it to develop a comprehensive plan for reducing air pollution. The agencies received technical support from Swisscontact in these efforts. Additionally, a draft law for emissions controls for mopeds is being developed. The seemingly harmless two-wheelers are one of the biggest air polluters in the capital. In pilot projects, mechanics were trained to carry out emissions tests and adjustments to motors in mopeds and trucks. An additional pilot project reduced dust at construction sites. Information campaigns raised awareness in the public, the media and also the government. There is still much to do to improve air quality in the long term, but the air quality project has laid a solid foundation. With this result, Swisscontact's engagement in Vietnam has come to an end.



#### **12** Eastern Europe

SDC

In Eastern Europe, Swisscontact continued projects preparing youths for the working world through modern vocational training systems. People with the most up-to-date technical expertise and the knowledge of how to create a small business significantly improve their chances of being able to make a living.

1,045,644

#### **Projects Eastern Europe**

Project	Since*	Expenses 2009
Financing		CHF
ALBANIA		
Development and Reform of Voca	tional Training	
SDC	2009	1,613,764
KOSOVO		
Promotion and Modernization of V	ocational Training	

2007

#### **Projects Eastern Europe**

Project	Since*	Expenses 2009
Financing		CHF
UKRAINE**		
Training in Financial Management		
Credit Suisse	2008	47,042

\*Start current project phase \*\*Implemented by Senior Expert Corps

## Prospects for youths in Kosovo

Receiving practical vocational training similar to that in other European countries is a first step for the youth of Kosovo to find employment. Swisscontact assists trainers with subject-specific expertise.

In the youngest country in Europe with the youngest population on the continent (50% are under 25 years of age), Swisscontact is involved in improving vocational training. Qualified employees make the Kosovar economy more competitive, creating new opportunities on the European market. Practical training and the introduction of innovative learning methods stand at the center of the initiative. Swisscontact and their local partners support 13 vocational training centers with the development of their teaching techniques and curricula. In close collaboration with employers, the centers make sure that

the youths learn what is truly needed in the working world. Internships in craft and service businesses also help ensure this result. E-learning and six supervised practice firms play an important role in the training of people for positions in business or administration. 2,700 trainees can prove themselves in the day-to-day business of a simulated company. In 2009, roughly 4,800 young Kosovars benefited from improved vocational training. The youth of Kosovo know what they have to do to improve their prospects. And they're working hard on it.

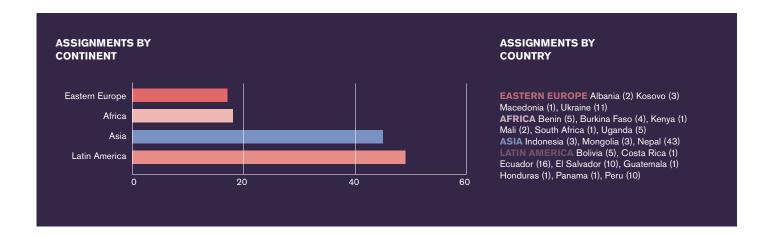
## Project Reports •

#### **Albania**

Swisscontact supports, on behalf of SDC, the comprehensive reform of vocational training in Albania. Professional skills are also the key to gainful employment for young Albanians. For individual companies, as well as for the country as a whole, the level of professional expertise in the workforce is a decisive factor in productivity and competitiveness. Access to vocational training in fields that are actually in demand means that the youths will have a higher chance of getting a job or becoming self-employed. This is Swisscontact's contribution.

While individual training centers and specific professional fields were supported in the first phase of the project, today the development of the entire vocational training system is the primary focus. Swisscontact works on this initiative with the Ministries of Education and Employment. These agencies are working on decentralizing vocational training from a geographic and operational perspective. An implementation model for this plan was developed by Swisscontact and adopted by the administration. The vocational training center in Durres will be transformed into a model school for the modernization of training programs in other schools and in additional occupations.

Close collaboration with the private sector is central to the plan. Employers put their needs and expectations forward so that the training actually includes the necessary competencies. In 2009, 300 youths were completing vocational training in the heating, plumbing and ventilation sectors. The school boards were motivated to create their own projects to improve the training and to submit them to the relevant government agencies. In 2009, nearly half of the 36 submitted applications were approved. As a result, there are now new websites, business plans and media centers in various schools. One important component of the project is to incorporate ethnic minorities, handicapped individuals, orphans and school dropouts in the vocational training. Even in the difficult year of 2009, vocational training in Albania was making forward strides and improving in quality. This helped increase the number of young people with competencies and skills, which will ultimately support economic development in Albania.



#### 14 Senior Expert Corps

#### Dynamic retirees make an impact

The retired experts of the Senior Expert Corps (SEC) supplement the activities of Swisscontact by sharing their decades-long professional experience and knowledge with small businesses as volunteers. In often strenuous assignments of up to two months, they advise SMEs in developing and formerly Communist countries in all aspects of running a business, from production methods and processes to marketing. Sometimes it is the simplest tips that have the largest impact: more light in the workshop, more responsibility for the employees or better calibration of the machines. Because the companies themselves cover part of the cost, they are even more motivated to actually implement the recommendations. Many companies have already seen increases in profits after this advising process – and have been able to create new jobs. In this way, the Senior Experts do their part in helping others to help themselves.

#### Connections created between SMEs and SEC

In 2009, the members of the SEC undertook 129 assignments in 21 countries. They supported bakeries and an electricity power plant, a labor and delivery unit and countless hotels, to name just a few examples. In countries as diverse as Ukraine, Mali, Costa Rica and Mongolia, they quickly found their bearings and worked with their partners to develop new processes and opportunities for the business at hand. One third of all the assignments in the past year were in Nepal. This success was primarily due to the country representative Neeraj Singhal. He tirelessly did outreach for the SEC and was able to successfully match the demand for expertise with Swiss experts who wanted to share their knowledge and experience.

#### **Consulting by Senior Expert Corps**

Project	Since*	Expenses 2009
Financing		CHF
DEVELOPMENT COUNTRIES		
Promotion of SMEs		
Swisscontact/SDC	2009	553,216
EASTERN EUROPE		
Promotion of SMEs		
SOMS-Fund	2009	80,760

<sup>\*</sup>Start of current project phase

#### 129 Assignments by Sector

Sectors	Assignments 2009
Food processing	38
Tourism and hotel sector	38
Management	13
Education/media	9
Machine and metal construction	6
Energy, waste management, chemistry	6
Agriculture	4
Construction/minerals	4
Wood processing	4
Health	3
Electronics, electrical engineering	2
Textile, Paper	2



**Your donation makes a difference!** Thanks to you, Swisscontact can support poor people who are economically active by providing consulting, further training and contacts. Together we can enable them to overcome poverty by their own efforts.

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